MIC5350



Dual 300mA/500mA LDO in 2mm x 2mm Thin MLF®

General Description

The MIC5350 is a tiny Dual Ultra Low-Dropout (ULDOTM) linear regulator ideally suited for portable electronics due to its low output noise. The MIC5350 integrates two high-performance; 300mA (V_{OUT1}) and 500mA (V_{OUT2}) ULDOsTM into a tiny 2mm x 2mm leadless Thin MLF® package, which provides exceptional thermal characteristics.

The MIC5350 is designed to be stable with small ceramic output capacitors thereby reducing required board space and component cost. The combination of extremely low-drop-out voltage, low output noise and exceptional thermal package characteristics makes it ideal for powering RF and noise-sensitive circuitry, cellular phone camera modules, imaging sensors for digital still cameras, PDAs, MP3 players and WebCam applications.

The MIC5350 ULDO $^{\rm TM}$ is available in fixed-output voltages in the tiny 8-pin 2mm x 2mm leadless Thin MLF $^{\rm S}$ package which occupies less than half the board area of a single SOT23-6 package. Additional voltage options are available. For more information, contact Micrel marketing.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.

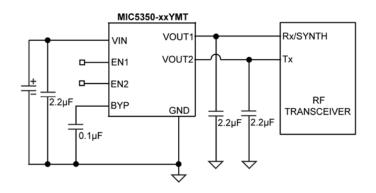
Features

- 2.6V to 5.5V input voltage range
- Ultra-low dropout voltage: 75mV @ 300mA and 125mV @ 500mA
- Ultra-low output noise: 30μV_{RMS}
- ±2% initial output accuracy
- Tiny 8-pin 2mm x 2mm Thin MLF® leadless package
- Excellent Load/Line transient response
- Fast start-up time: 30µs
- μCap stable with 2.2μF ceramic capacitors
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Low quiescent current: 130µA with both outputs at maximum load
- Current-limit protection

Applications

- · Mobile phones
- PDAs
- · GPS receivers
- Portable electronics
- Portable media players
- Digital still and video cameras

Typical Application



RF Power Supply Circuit

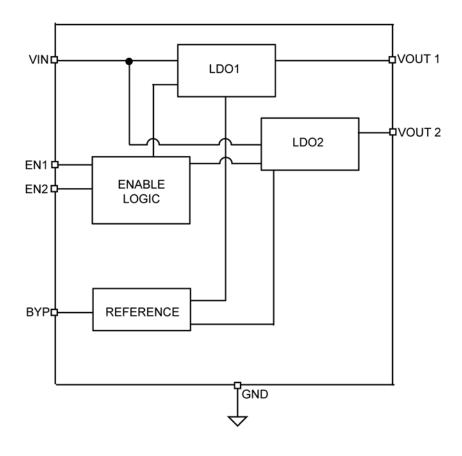
ULDO is a trademark of Micrel, Inc

MLF and MicroLeadFrame are registered trademarks of Amkor Technology, Inc.

Micrel Inc. • 2180 Fortune Drive • San Jose, CA 95131 • USA • tel +1 (408) 944-0800 • fax + 1 (408) 474-1000 • http://www.micrel.com

June 2010 M9999-060410

Block Diagram



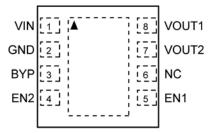
Ordering Information

Part Number	Manufacturing Part Number	Marking	Voltage(V)		Junction Temperature	Dookses	
Part Number			V _{OUT1}	V _{OUT2}	Range	Package	
MIC5350-2.8/1.8YMT	MIC5350-MGYMT	FMG	2.8V	1.8V	–40°C to +125°C	8-Pin 2x2 TMLF [®]	
MIC5350-2.8/2.8YMT	MIC5350-MMYMT	FMM	2.8V	2.8V	–40°C to +125°C	8-Pin 2x2 TMLF [®]	
MIC5350-3.0/1.8YMT	MIC5350-PGYMT	FPG	3.0V	1.8V	–40°C to +125°C	8-Pin 2x2 TMLF®	
MIC5350-3.3/1.8YMT	MIC5350-SGYMT	FSG	3.3V	1.8V	–40°C to +125°C	8-Pin 2x2 TMLF [®]	
MIC5350-3.3/2.8YMT	MIC5350-SMYMT	FSM	3.3V	2.8V	–40°C to +125°C	8-Pin 2x2 TMLF®	

Notes

- Pin 1 identifier= "▲".
- 2. For other voltage options contact Micrel Marketing.
- 3. Thin MLF® is a GREEN RoHS compliant package. Lead finish is NiPdAu, Mold compound is Halogen Free.

Pin Configuration



8-Pin 2mm x 2mm TMLF (MT) TOP VIEW

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	VIN	Supply Input.
2	GND	Ground.
3	ВҮР	Reference Bypass: Connect external 0.1µF to GND to reduce output noise. May be left open when bypass capacitor is not required.
4	EN2	Enable Input (regulator 2). Active High Input. Logic High = On; Logic Low = Off; Do not leave floating.
5	EN1	Enable Input (regulator 1). Active High Input. Logic High = On; Logic Low = Off; Do not leave floating.
6	NC	Not internally connected.
7	VOUT2	Regulator Output – LDO2 (500mA output).
8	VOUT1	Regulator Output – LDO1 (300mA output).
EPAD	HS Pad	Heatsink Pad internally connected to ground.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V _{IN})	+2.6V to +5.5V
Enable Input Voltage (V _{EN1} , V _{EN2})	0V to V _{IN}
Junction Temperature	40°C to +125°C
Junction Thermal Resistance	
8-Pin 2mm x 2mm Thin MLF [®] (θ_{JA}))90°C/W

Electrical Characteristics⁽⁵⁾

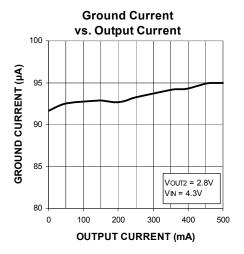
 $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{EN1}} = V_{\text{EN2}} = V_{\text{OUT}} + 1.0V$; higher of the two regulator outputs, $I_{\text{OUTLDO1}} = I_{\text{OUTLDO2}} = 100\mu\text{A}$; $C_{\text{OUT1}} = C_{\text{OUT2}} = 2.2\mu\text{F}$; $C_{\text{BYP}} = 0.1\mu\text{F}$; $T_{\text{J}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, **bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{\text{J}} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless noted.

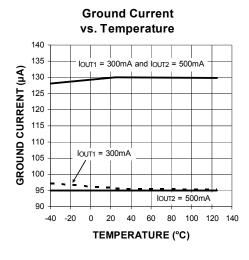
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Output Valtage Assure	Variation from nominal V _{OUT}	-2.0		+2.0		
Output Voltage Accuracy	Variation from nominal V _{OUT} ; –40°C to +125°C	-3.0		+3.0		
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V \text{ to } 5.5V; I_{OUT} = 100 \mu\text{A}$		0.05	0.3 0.6	%/V	
Lead Demilation	I _{OUT1, 2} = 100μA to 300mA		0.5	2.0	%	
Load Regulation	I _{OUT2} =100μA to 500mA		0.7	2.5		
	I _{OUT1, 2} = 100μA		0.1		>/	
Dropout Voltage ⁽⁶⁾	I _{OUT1, 2} = 50mA		12	50		
Dropout Voltage	I _{OUT1, 2} = 300mA		75	200	mV	
	I _{OUT2} = 500mA		125	300		
	V _{EN1} ≥ 1.2V; V _{EN2} ≤ 0.2V; I _{OUT} = 0mA to 300mA		95	175	μA	
Ground Current	$V_{EN1} \le 0.2V$; $V_{EN2} \ge 1.2V$; $I_{OUT2} = 0$ mA to 500mA		95	175		
	V _{EN1} = V _{EN2} = 1.2V; I _{OUT1} = 300mA, I _{OUT2} = 500mA		130	240		
Ground Current in Shutdown	$V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = 0V$		0.01	2	μΑ	
Dianta Daiastian	$f = 1kHz; C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F; C_{BYP} = 0.1\mu F$		50		dB	
Ripple Rejection	$f = 20kHz; C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F; C_{BYP} = 0.1\mu F$		35			
Current Limit	V _{OUT1} = 0V	350	560	850		
	V _{OUT2} = 0V	550	950	1500	mA	
Output Voltage Noise	$C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu F; C_{BYP} = 0.1 \mu F; 10 Hz to 100 kHz$		30		μV_{RMS}	
Enable Inputs (EN1 / EN2)						
Frable Innet Valtage	Logic Low			0.2	V	
Enable Input Voltage	Logic High	1.2				
Facility 10 and	V _{IL} ≤ 0.2V		0.01		μА	
Enable Input Current	V _{IH} ≥ 1.2V		0.01			
Turn-on Time (See Timing Dia	agram)		ı	ı	1	
Turn-on Time (LDO1 and 2)	$C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu F; C_{BYP} = 0.01 \mu F$		30	100	μs	

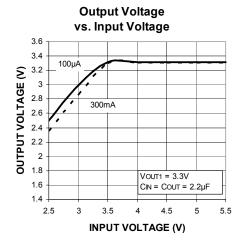
Notes:

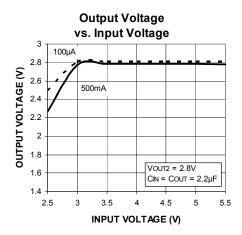
- 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- 3. The maximum allowable power dissipation of any T_A (ambient temperature) is P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} T_A) / θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.
- 4. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended. Human body model 1.5kΩ in series with 100pF.
- 5. Specification for packaged product only.
- 6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal V_{OUT}. For outputs below 2.6V, the dropout voltage is the input-to-output differential with the minimum input voltage 2.6V.

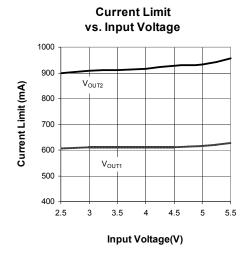
Typical Characteristics

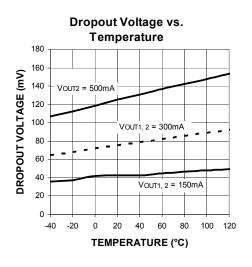


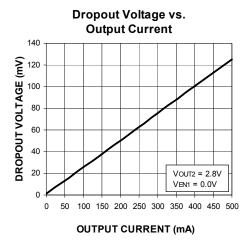


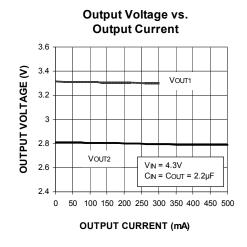


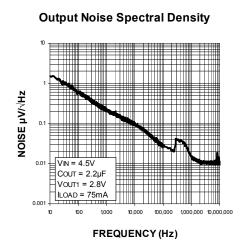






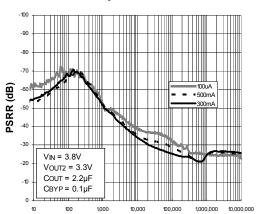






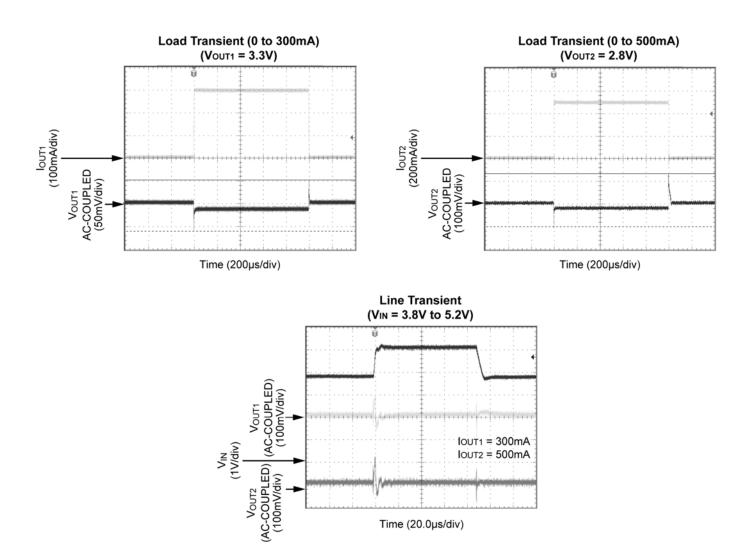
Typical Characteristics (Continued)

Power Supply Rejection Ratio



FREQUENCY (Hz)

Functional Characteristics



Applications Information

Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5350 comes with dual active-high enable pins that allow each regulator to be enabled independently. Forcing both enable pins low disables the regulators and sends it into a "zero" off-mode-current state. In this state, current consumed by the regulator goes nearly to zero. Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. The active-high enable pin uses CMOS technology and the enable pin cannot be left floating; a floating enable pin may cause an indeterminate state on the output.

Input Capacitor

The MIC5350 is a high-performance, high-bandwidth device. Therefore, it requires a well-bypassed input supply for optimal performance. A 2.2µF capacitor is required from the input to ground to provide stability. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance at a minimum of space. Additional high-frequency capacitors, such as small-valued NPO dielectric-type capacitors, help filter out high-frequency noise and are good practice in any RF-based circuit.

Output Capacitor

The MIC5350 requires an output capacitor of 2.2µF or greater to maintain stability. The design is optimized for use with low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. High-ESR capacitors may cause high-frequency oscillation. The output capacitor can be increased, but performance has been optimized for a 2.2µF ceramic output capacitor and does not improve significantly with larger capacitance.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their superior temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic-chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

Bypass Capacitor

A capacitor can be placed from the noise bypass pin-toground to reduce output voltage noise. The capacitor bypasses the internal reference. A 0.1µF capacitor is recommended for applications that require low-noise outputs. The bypass capacitor can be increased, further reducing noise and improving PSRR. Turn-on time increases slightly with respect to bypass capacitance. A unique, quick-start circuit allows the MIC5350 to drive a large capacitor on the bypass pin without significantly slowing turn-on time.

No-Load Stability

Unlike many other voltage regulators, the MIC5350 will remain stable with no load. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

Thermal Considerations

The MIC5350 is designed to provide 300mA of continuous current for V_{OUT1} and 500mA for V_{OUT2} in a very small package. Maximum ambient operating temperature can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. Given that the input voltage is 3.3V, the output voltage is 2.8V for V_{OUT1} , 2.8V for V_{OUT2} and the output current 300mA and 500mA respectively. The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT1}) I_{OUT1} + (V_{IN} - V_{OUT2}) I_{OUT2} + V_{IN}$$
 I_{GND}

Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically <100 μ A over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is < 1% and can be ignored for this calculation.

$$P_D = (3.3V - 2.8V) \times 300\text{mA} + (3.3V - 2.8) \times 500\text{mA}$$

 $P_D = 0.4W$

To determine the maximum ambient operating temperature of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \left(\frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}} \right)$$

 $T_{J(max)}$ = 125°C, the maximum junction temperature of the die θ_{JA} thermal resistance = 90°C/W.

Thermal Resistance

Substituting P_D for $P_{D(max)}$ and solving for the ambient operating temperature will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is 90°C/W .

The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation.

For example, when operating the MIC5350-MMYMT at an input voltage of 3.3V with 300mA on $V_{\text{OUT}1}$ and 500mA on $V_{\text{OUT}2}$ and a minimum footprint layout, the maximum ambient operating temperature T_A can be determined as follows:

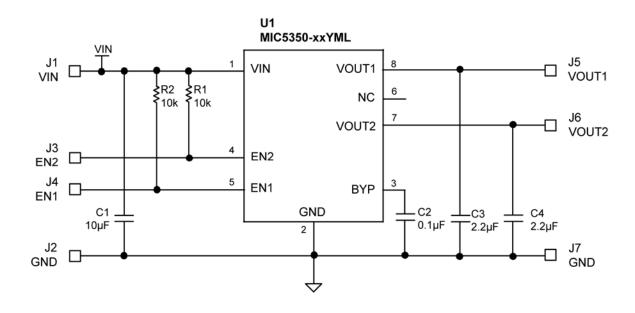
$$0.4W = (125^{\circ}C - T_A)/(90^{\circ}C/W)$$

 $T_A = 89^{\circ}C$

Therefore, a 2.8V/2.8V application with 300mA and 500mA output currents can accept an ambient operating temperature of 89°C in a 2mm x 2mm Thin MLF® package. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the "Regulator Thermals" section of *Micrel's Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators* handbook. This information can be found on Micrel's website at:

http://www.micrel.com/ PDF/other/LDOBk ds.pdf

Typical Application Schematic



Bill of Materials

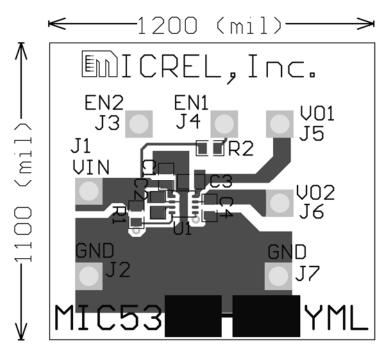
Item	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C1	C1608X5R0J106M	TDK ⁽¹⁾	Capacitor, 10µF Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, Size 0603	1
C2	VJ0603Y104KXQ	Vishay ⁽²⁾	Capacitor, 0.1µF Ceramic, 10V, X7R, Size 0603	1
C3, C4	C1608X5R0J225M	TDK ⁽¹⁾	Capacitor, 2.2µF Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, Size 0603	2
R1, R2	CRCW06031002FKEYE3	Vishay ⁽²⁾	Resistor, 10kΩ, 1%, 1/16W, Size 0603	2
U1	MIC5350-XXYML	Micrel, Inc. ⁽³⁾	Dual 300mA/500mA LDO, 2mm x 2mm Thin MLF®	1

Notes:

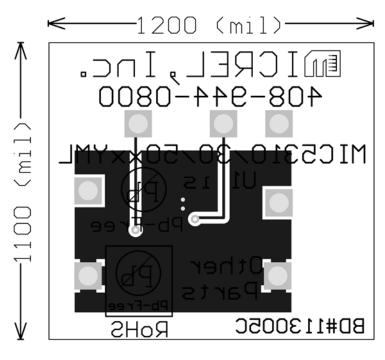
TDK: <u>www.tdk.com</u>.
 Vishay Tel: <u>www.vishay.com</u>.

3. Micrel, Inc.: www.micrel.com.

PCB Layout Recommendations

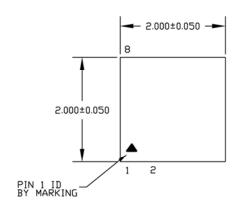


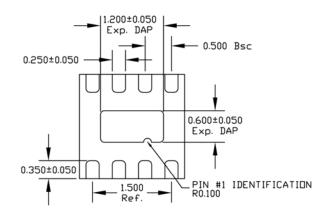
TOP LAYER



BOTTOM LAYER

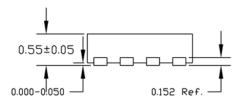
Package Information





TOP VIEW





- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- MAX. PACKAGE WARPAGE IS 0.08 mm.
 MAXIMUM ALLOWABE BURRS IS 0.076 mm IN ALL DIRECTIONS.
- PIN #1 ID WILL BE LASER MARKED.

SIDE VIEW

8-Pin 2mm x 2mm TMLF (MT)

MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB http://www.micrel.com

The information furnished by Micrel in this data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Micrel for its use. Micrel reserves the right to change circuitry and specifications at any time without notification to the customer.

Micrel Products are not designed or authorized for use as components in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of a product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems that (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A Purchaser's use or sale of Micrel Products for use in life support appliances, devices or systems is a Purchaser's own risk and Purchaser agrees to fully indemnify Micrel for any damages resulting from such use or sale.

© 2010 Micrel, Incorporated.